



Laser Scanner and tool application for geomechanics on rock slope engineering



THE METHOD

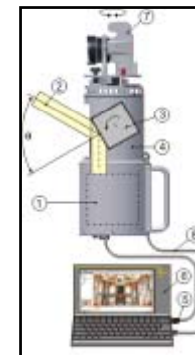
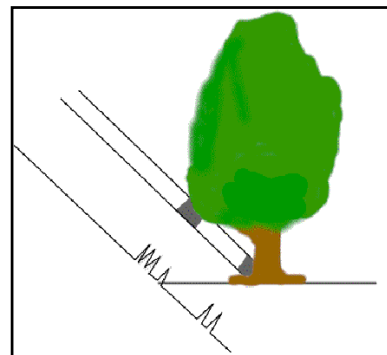
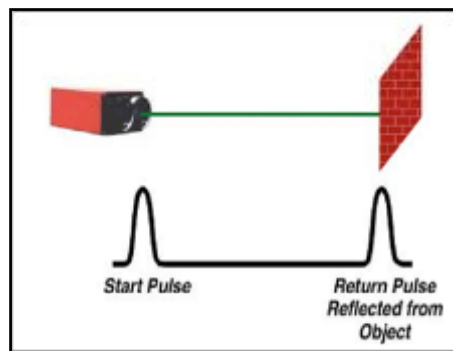
-Laser scanner with high range >1km, drone UAV, total station, GPS

Vertical angles and horizontal

From the angular measurement of a mirror which directs the laser beam

Distance

From the measurement of the laser time to travel distance up to the target and return





TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION OF LASER SCANNER

Model: RIEGL LMS-Z420i

Eye safety class according to EC60825-1:2001: Laser Class 1

Measurement range: for natural targets, $r \geq 80\%$ up to 800 m
for natural targets, $r \geq 10\%$ up to 250 m

Minimum range: 2 m

Measurement accuracy: typ. ± 10 mm (single shot)
typ. ± 5 mm (averaged) **Measurement resolution** 5 mm

Measurement rate up: to 12000 pts/sec @ low scanning rate (oscillating mirror)
up to 8000 pts/sec @ high scanning rate (rotating mirror)

Laser wavelength near infrared **Beam divergence:** 0.25 mrad

Scanner Performance:

Vertical (line) scan: Scanning range 0° to 80° Scanning mechanism rotating / oscillating

Minimum angle stepwidth 0.01°

Horizontal (frame) scan: Scanning range 0° to 360° Scanning mechanism rotating

Minimum angle stepwidth 0.01°

Max resolutions: 20400 punti/m² @ 100 m

Main dimensions: 463 x 210 mm (Length x Diameter) **Weight** approx. 14,5





SERVICES

DATA PROCESSING SERVICES AND SUPPORT OF THE ANALYSIS OF ROCKY SLOPES

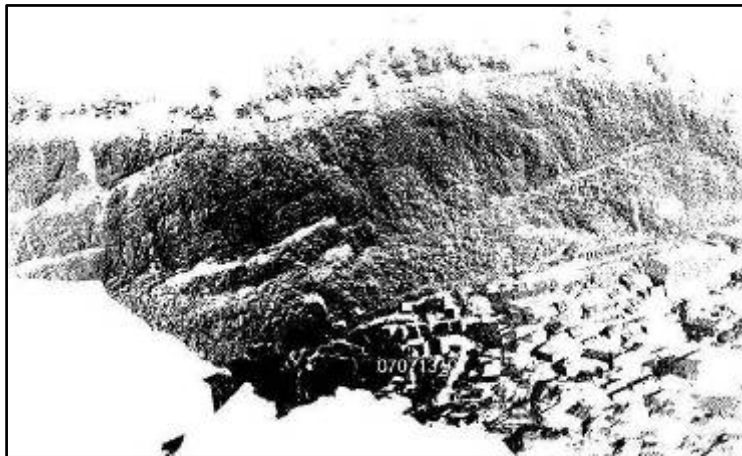
- Cloud points, Georeferencing, DTM, DSM**
- Planimetric view, sections, elevations**
- Identification of discontinuity systems**
- Mapping of unstable conditions (Markland test)**
- Calculation of potentially unstable volumes on slope**



DATA ACQUISITION ON SITE



Surveying area



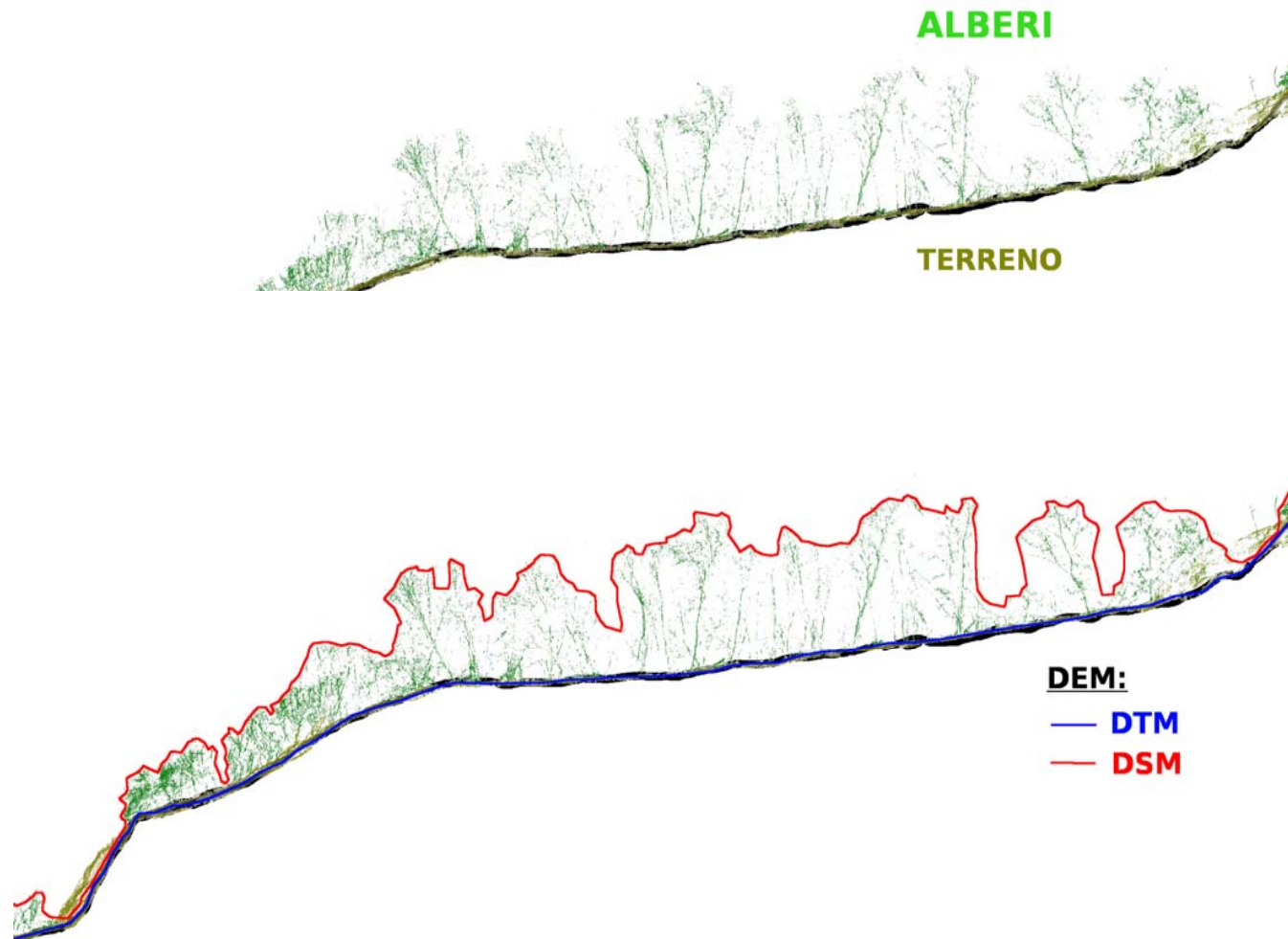
Laser-scanner working

Cloud of point



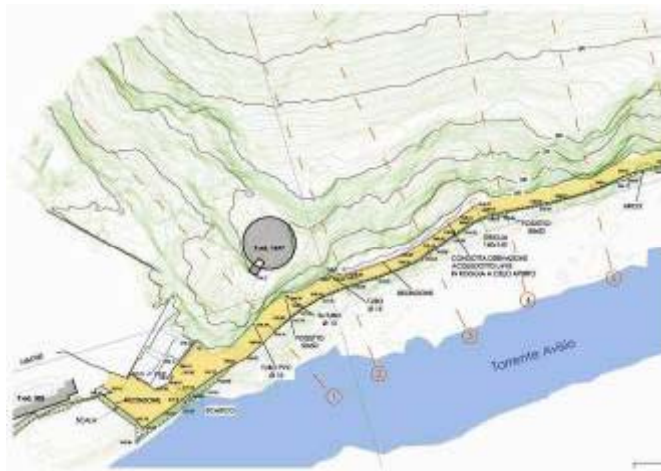
DATA ELABORATION:

Cloud points, Georeferencing, DTM, DSM

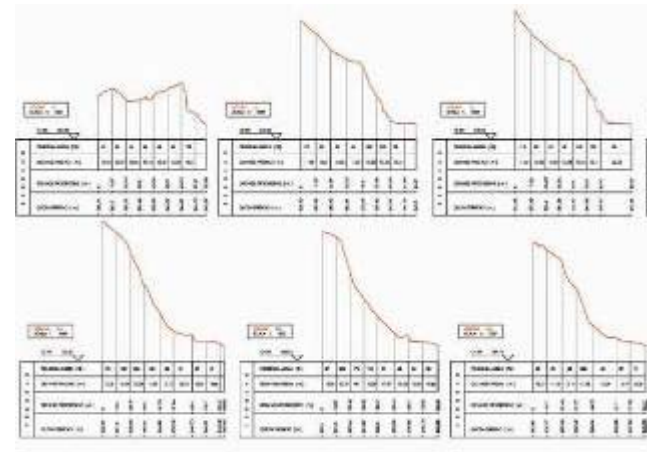




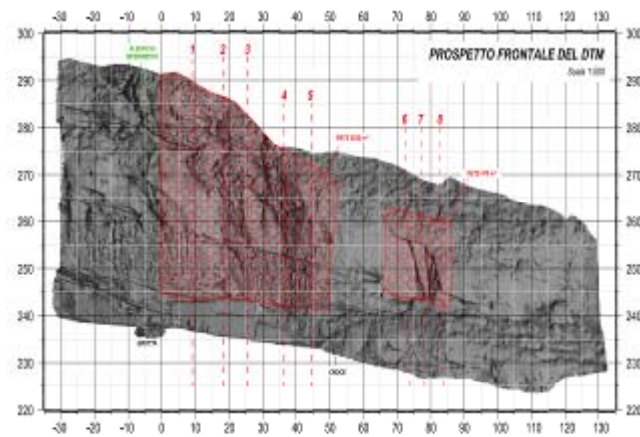
ELABORATION DATA: Planimetric view, sections, elevations



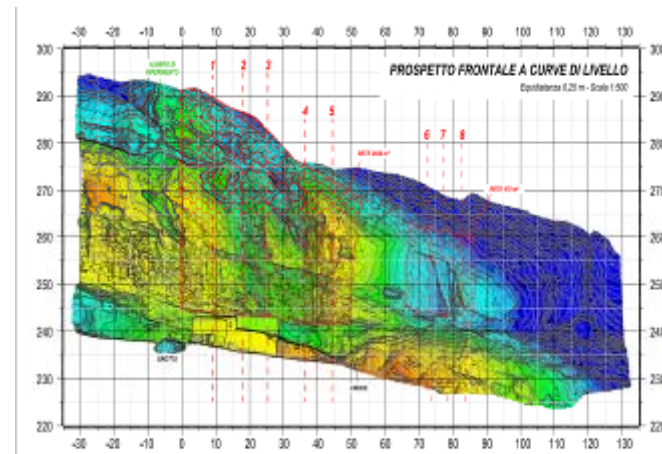
PLANIMETRIC VIEW OF ROCKFALL SLOPE



SECTION OF SLOPE



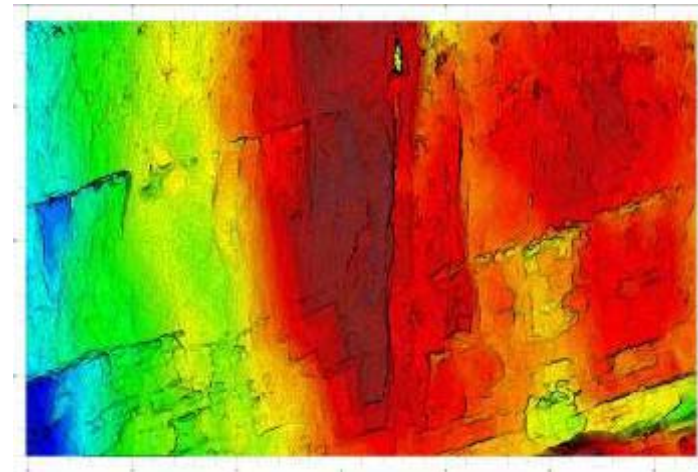
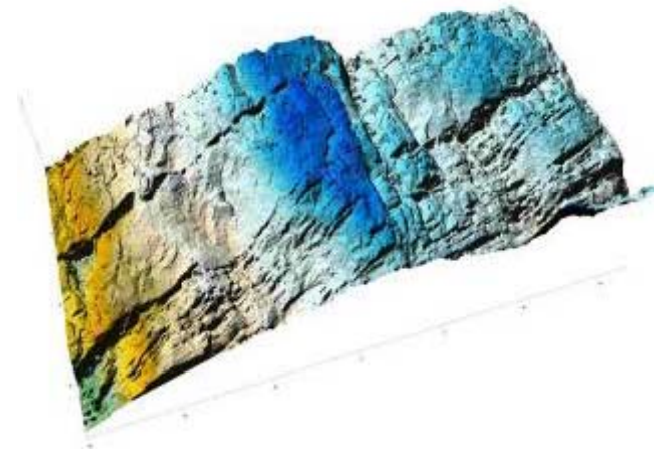
FRONTAL VIEW OF SLOPES (SHADY MODEL)



FRONTAL VIEW WITH LEVEL CURVES AND COLOURS GRADIENTS FROM A REFERENCES PLANE



DATA ELABORATION: Ortophoto and solid model





DATA ELABORATION: Identification of discontinuity systems

- 1. Data collection >> position (x, y, z) + slope + immersion**
- 2. Aggregation of data collected in areas with homogeneous geological features**
- 3. Identification of the main families of discontinuities >> Polar diagram**
- 4. Statistical calculation of the spacing of the main families >> VRU**

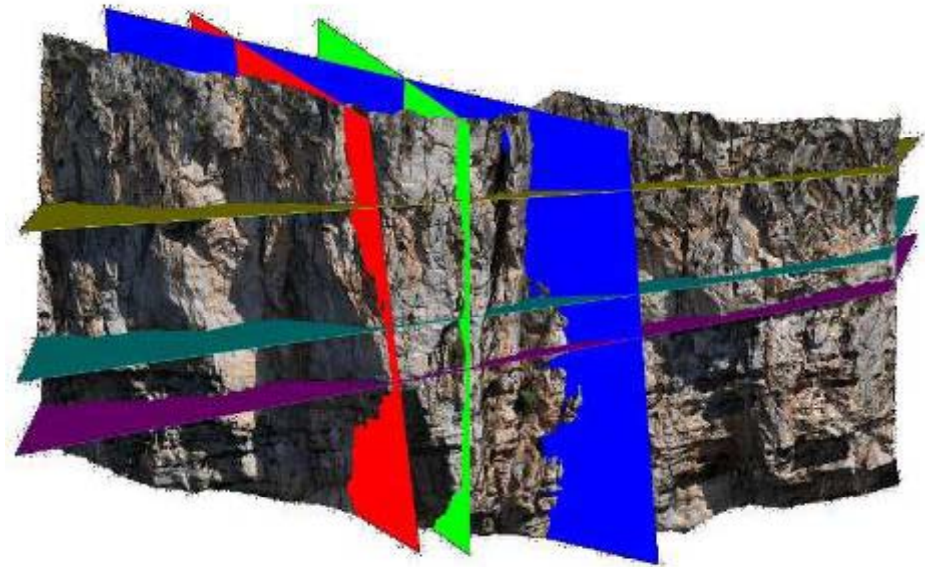
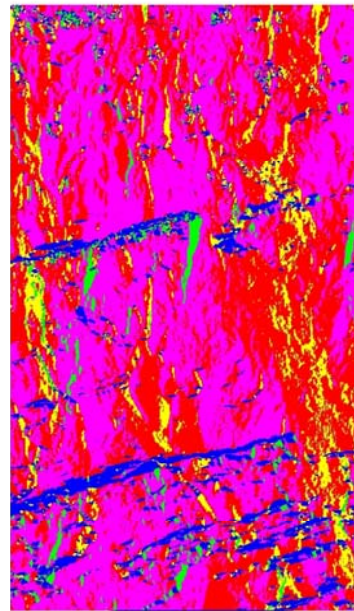
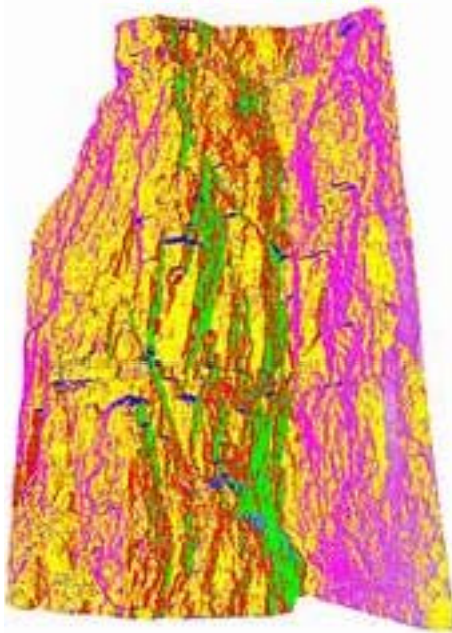


DATA ELABORATION: Identification of discontinuity systems

Data collection >> position (x, y, z) + slope + immersion

Automatic analysis of the entire population of plane

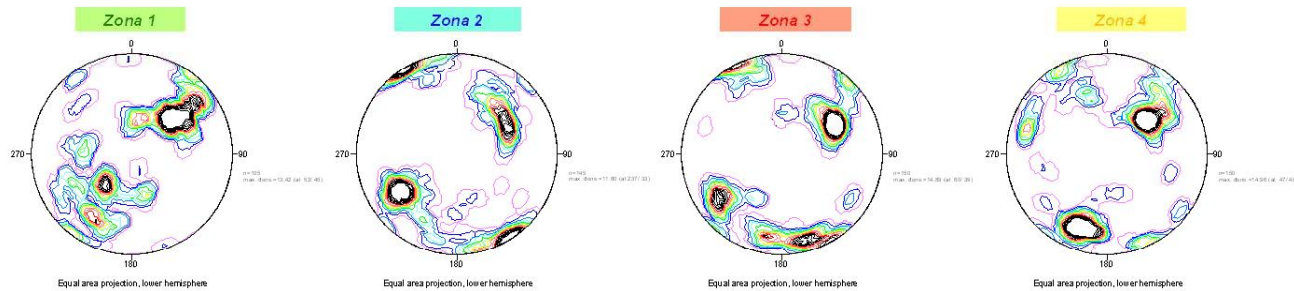
Triangulated model of noiseless detail (vegetation and steel mesh)





DATA ELABORATION: Identification of discontinuity systems

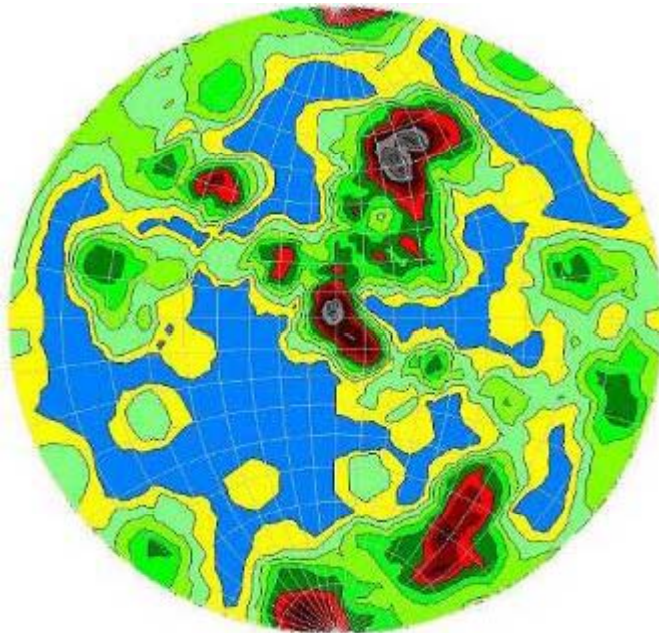
Aggregation of data collected in areas with homogeneous geological features





DATA ELABORATION: Identification of discontinuity systems

Polar Diagram



Statistical calculation of the spacing of the main families >> VRU

SPAZIATURA FAMIGLIA 56 / 63 - SOGLIA PARALLELISMO 90 %

PIANO	EST	NORD	QUOTA	IMMERSIONE	INCLINAZIONE	Plane014	Plane015	Plane025	Plane035	Plane052	Plane057	Plane079	Plane082	Plane084
Plane014	57355.51	-17172.48	1289.14	59.7	51.7	0	1.22	1.89	28.41	15.63	26.43	19.15	35.86	57.3
Plane015	57347.82	-17166.83	1291.94	56.8	55.9	1.22	0	1.18	26.97	15.91	25.32	18.71	34.31	53.3
Plane025	57326.61	-17144.99	1300.14	55.1	45.8	1.89	1.18	0	29.42	23.35	29.17	24.14	37.41	50.3
Plane035	57290.16	-17132.7	1276.56	43.6	59.4	28.41	26.97	29.42	0	5.72	2.02	1.11	6.9	14.3
Plane052	57337.91	-17167.69	1275.23	30.2	49.6	15.63	15.91	23.35	5.72	0	2.62	8.29	2.93	25.3
Plane057	57279.77	-17126.11	1275.01	35.1	65.2	26.43	25.32	29.17	2.02	2.62	0	2.08	1.66	8.6
Plane079	57285.04	-17128.64	1278.37	28.8	61.7	19.15	18.71	24.14	1.11	8.29	2.08	0	2.07	11.3
Plane082	57238.96	-17097.96	1271.03	33.7	61.7	35.86	34.31	37.41	6.9	2.93	1.66	2.07	0	3.7
Plane084	57242.48	-17098.07	1274.82	58.3	70	57.32	53.81	50.37	14.64	25.49	8.64	11.99	3.75	0
Plane085	57245.41	-17101.25	1276.11	66.5	71.4	63.8	59.76	54.21	17.22	31.93	10.55	14.04	4.57	1.4
Plane087	57243.9	-17103.44	1271.57	51	76.5	52.74	49.63	47.68	15.02	18.2	8.71	9.25	0.92	2.7
Plane089	57245.2	-17107.22	1267.44	71.7	56.8	72.47	68.63	64	24.78	31.51	16.95	18.81	3	4.5
Plane090	57245.66	-17107.94	1269.04	70.8	58.7	71.25	67.44	62.66	23.89	30.57	16.21	18.02	3.28	3.7
Plane091	57244.26	-17106.31	1269.36	29.4	60.3	34.39	33.32	37.62	8.85	2.05	4.61	4.67	4.59	6.3
Plane092	57244	-17106.09	1270.37	36.1	59.9	40.47	38.96	41.69	11.05	4.33	6.2	6.52	3.62	5.6
Plane108	57337.1	-17042.64	1424.14	67.4	60.6	108.64	110.3	118.94	149.6	146.27	150.74	149.78	166.78	161.3
Plane116	57355.18	-17050.41	1425.67	54.8	48.4	137.78	138.05	142.23	169.91	171.04	168.69	167.1	179.56	171.3
Plane121	57330.13	-17045.1												
Plane134	57368.13	-17061.41												
Plane135	57374.03	-17059.79												
Plane137	57374.87	-17061.61												
Plane149	57364.78	-17060.21												
Plane152	57346.98	-17051.34												
Plane153	57429.72	-17018.14												
Plane154	57430.86	-17020.01												
Plane155	57433.6	-17021.11												
Plane156	57424.82	-17020.41												
Plane157	57435.14	-17019.17												

DISTANZA MINIMA : 0.08 DISTANZA MASSIMA : 1.22 MEDIA : 0.78



DATA ELABORATION: Mapping of unstable conditions (Markland test)

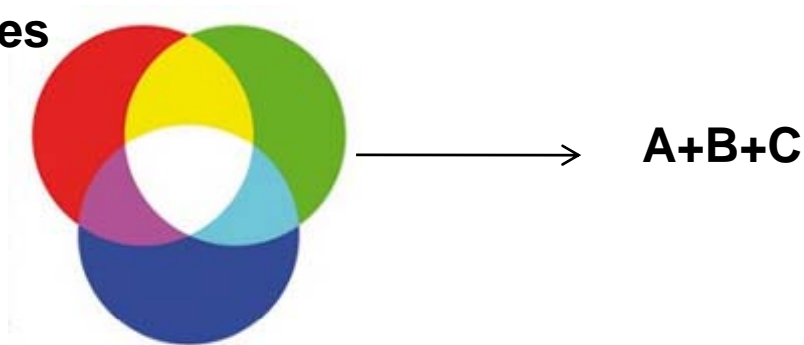
- Input data:

- Friction angle
- Dip direction and Dip of slope
- Dip direction and Dip of discontinuity plane
- Dip direction and Dip of intersection of discontinuity

Condition of instabilities

$$\beta > \lambda > \Phi$$

$$\varepsilon = \pm 20^\circ \alpha$$



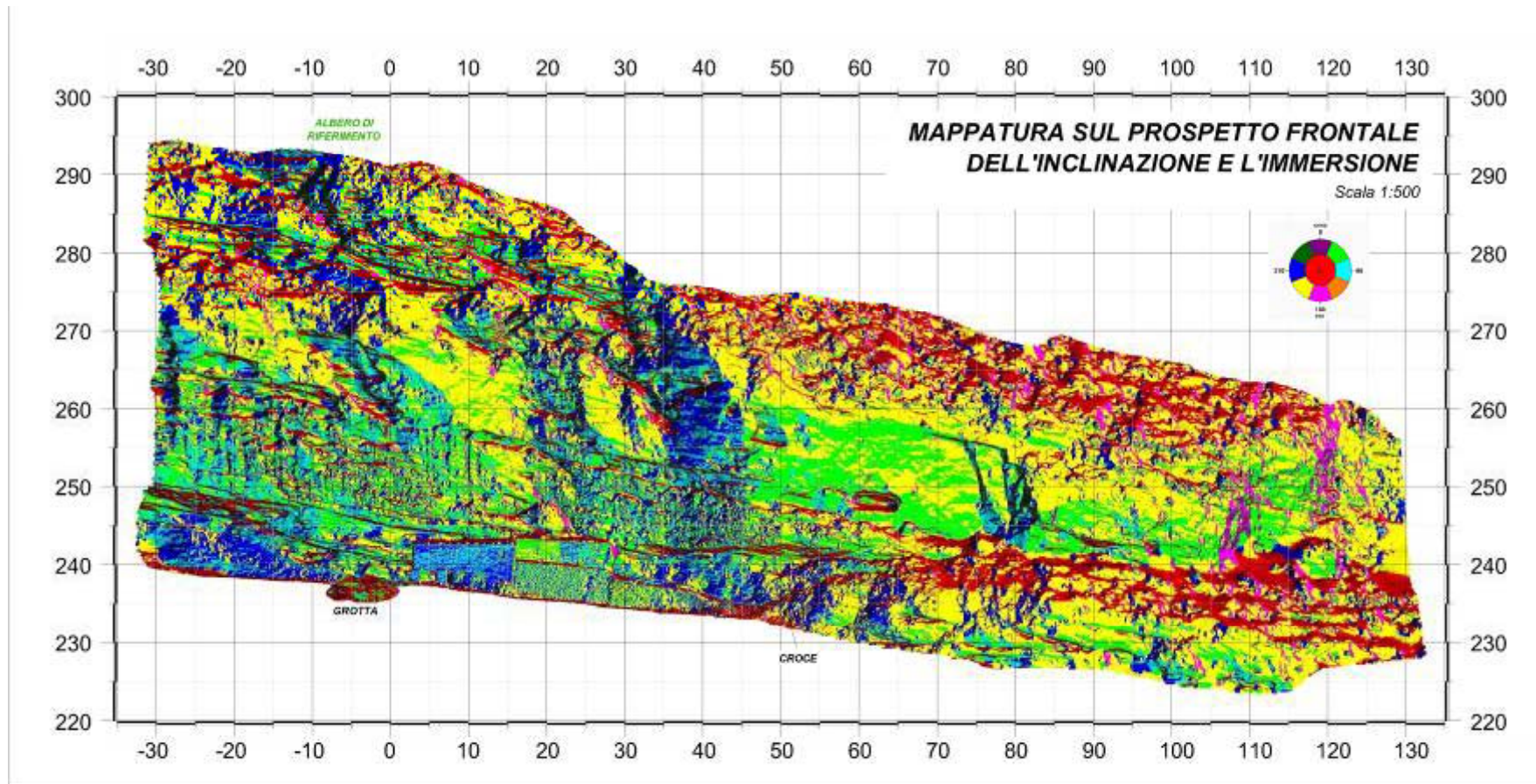
- OUTPUT:

- Mapping of plane and intersection that meet the conditions of instability



DATA ELABORATION: Mapping of unstable conditions (Markland test)

(frontal view of unstable condition)

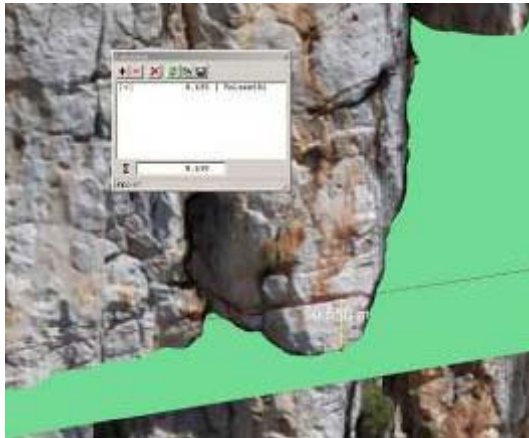




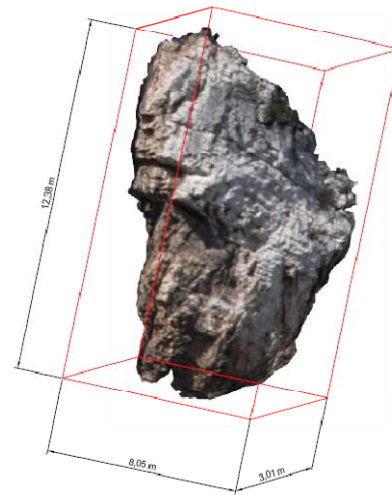
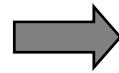
DATA ELABORATION: Calculation of potentially unstable volumes on slope



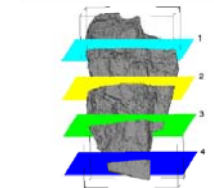
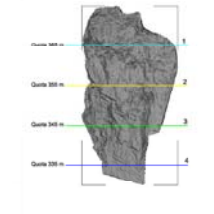
AREA TO BE STUDIED



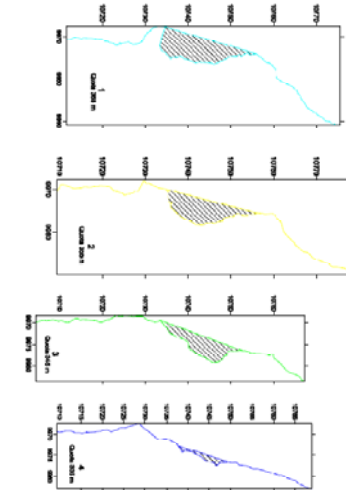
AUTOMATIC CALCULATION OF VOLUME



GEOMETRY OF BLOCK



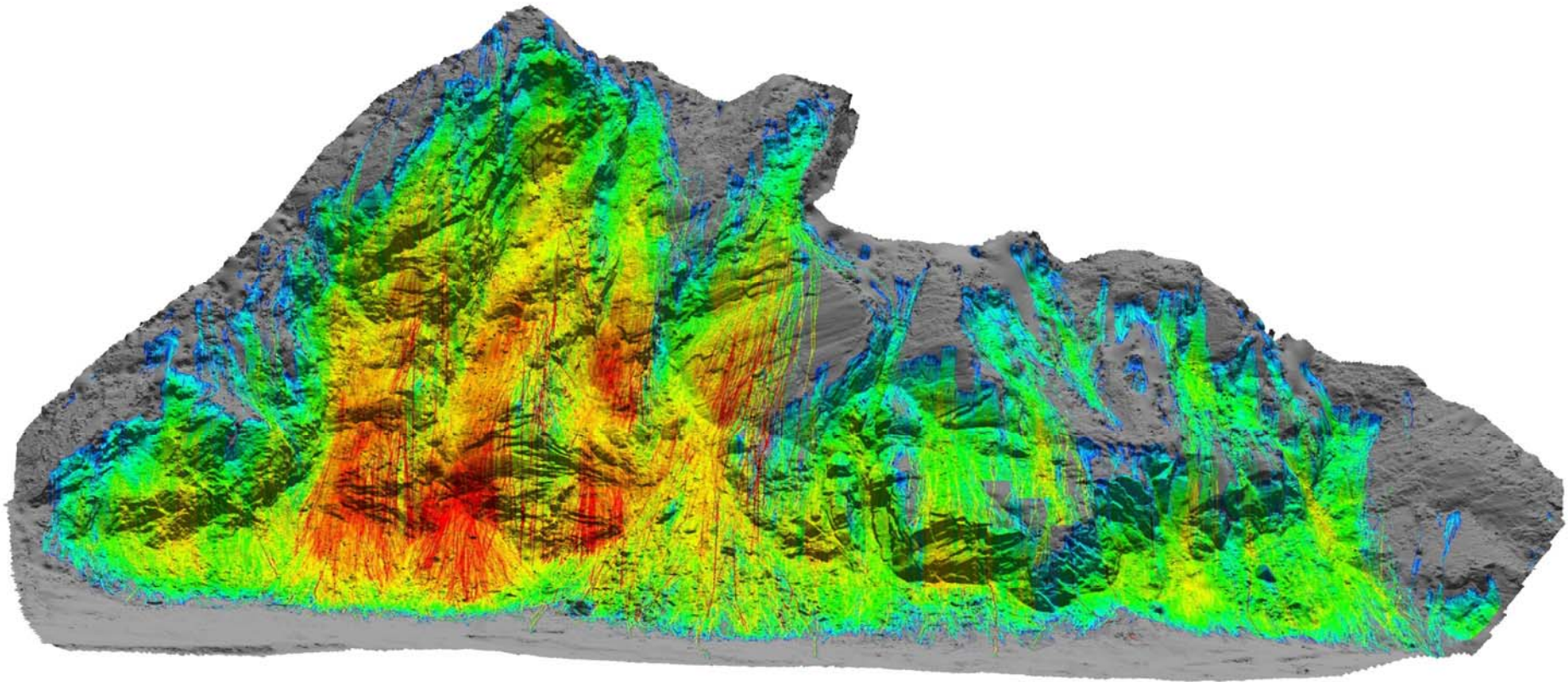
SECTION PLAN OF BLOCK



SECTION PLAN



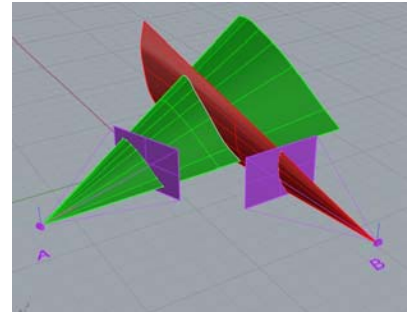
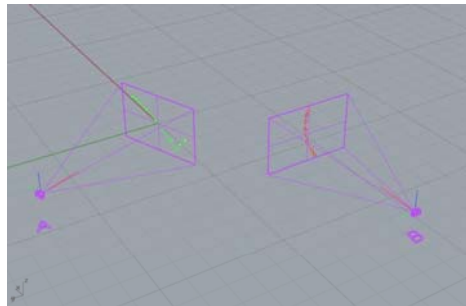
OTHER SERVICES: Rockfall trajectories analysis





OTHER SERVICES: Reconstruction of real 3D trajectories on slopes during scaling phase

- **Instruments used on site:** Laser Scanner and minimum n°2 metric photocamera
- **Input data:** Survey of scene with laser scanner



- **OUTPUT:**
 - 3d point trajectories of objects (blocks and visible fragment)
 - velocity vectors of centre of gravity of blocks
 - acceleration of blocks

